## Amendment to the Claims:

- 1. (Original) A method of magnetic resonance imaging comprising the steps of:
  - a) providing a magnetic field within an imaging volume,
  - b) moving a subject continuously along a predetermined path,
- c) defining a sub-volume of the imaging volume, together with the subject, the sub-volume being selected such that the time of movement of the sub-volume within the imaging volume is sufficient for magnetic resonance image data acquisition with a predefined resolution.
- d) performing a step of magnetic resonance image data acquisition for the sub-volume.
- e) defining a subsequent sub-volume which neighbours the sub-volume on the predetermined path to perform a subsequent step of magnetic resonance image data acquisition for the subsequent sub-volume.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, whereby a three-dimensional imaging method is used for the step of magnetic resonance image data acquisition for the sub-volume.
- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, whereby a multislice imaging method is used for the step of magnetic resonance image data acquisition for the sub-volume, the sub-volume containing a stack of two dimensional slices along the predetermined path.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1the sub-volume having an extension along the predetermined path between 3 and 7 cm.
- 5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, the speed of movement being between  $0.5\ 0.5$  and 5 mm per second.

- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, whereby the magnetic resonance image data acquisition is performed by means of a parallel imaging technique.
- (Original) The method of claim 6 whereby a SENSE-type parallel imaging technique is used.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, the magnetic resonance image data acquisition being cyclically repeated, whereby one repetition is performed for each one of the sub-volumes.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, the sub-volumes having a first extension along the predetermined path, the imaging volume having a second extension along the predetermined path, the second extension being at least twice the first extension.
- 10. (Previously presented) A computer readable medium containing instructions for controlling a computer system for magnetic resonance imaging comprising the steps of:
- defining a sub-volume of an imaging volume provided by a magnetic field, continuously moving a sub-volume along a predetermined path together with a subject, the sub-volume being selected such that the time of movement of the sub-volume within the imaging volume is sufficient for magnetic resonance image data acquisition with a preferred resolution,
- defining a subsequent sub-volume which neighbours the sub-volume on the predetermined path to perform a subsequent step of magnetic resonance image data acquisition.
- (Previously presented)The computer readable medium of claim 10,
  the program means being adapted to be employed for a parallel imaging technique.

- 12. (Currently amended) A magnetic resonance imaging device comprising:
- [[-]] means for providing a magnet system configured to generate a magnetic field within an imaging volume[[,]];
- [[-]] means for a <u>subject support configured for</u> moving a subject continuously along a predetermined path[[,]] <u>through the imaging volume</u>; and
- [[-]] a control unit configured for generating of control signals for magnetic resonance image data acquisition within a sub-volume (j=5, j=6) of the imaging volume, the sub-volume being moved along the predetermined path tegether along with the subject, the sub-volume being selected such that the time of movement of the sub-volume within the imaging volume is sufficient for magnetic resonance image data acquisition with a predefined resolution and for subsequent magnetic resonance image data acquisition within a subsequent sub-volume which neighbours the sub-volume on the predetermined path.
- 13. (Currently amended) The magnetic resonance imaging device of claim 12, the means for moving subject support being adapted configured to move the subject with a speed of [[0-.5]] 0.5 to 5 mm per second.
- 14. (Currently amended) The magnetic resonance imaging device of claim 12 further comprising means for <u>performing</u> a parallel imaging technique based on simultaneous reception through multiple receive channels.
- 15. (Currently amended) The magnetic resonance imaging device of claim 12, the control unit being adapted <u>configured</u> to perform cyclic repetitions of the magnetic resonance image data acquisition.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The magnetic resonance imaging device of claim 12, the sub-volumes having a first extension length along the predetermined path and the imaging volume having a second extension length along the predetermined path, the second extension length being at least twice the first extension length.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The magnetic resonance imaging device of claim 12, the predetermined path being a straight line and the means for providing a magnetic field magnet system comprising a cylindrical magnet.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The magnetic resonance imaging device of claim 12, the predetermined path being curved and the means for providing a magnetic-field magnet system comprising an open magnetic resonance system.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising: correcting the acquired magnetic resonance image data for zero order phase error accumulated due to the continuous moving.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising: processing the acquired magnetic resonance image data to form an image of a subject section to be imaged; and

visualizing the image of the subject section.